



TED (15) – 2004

(REVISION - 2015)

Reg. No. 16131392 Signature

SECOND SEMESTER DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY — APRIL, 2017

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY - II

(Common to all branches except DCP & CABM)

[Time: 3 hours

(Maximum marks : 100)

PART — A

(Maximum marks : 10)

Marks

I Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Why are Bohr's orbit called energy levels ?

2. What are strong and weak electrolytes ?

- 3. Name one synthetic polymer which is an amide and give its monomer.
- 4. Name two gases which are responsible for green house effect.
- 5. Which type of metal can be used in cathodic protection of iron against rusting ? $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

PART --- B

(Maximum marks : 30)

II Answer any five questions from the following. Each question carries 6 marks.

- 1. (a) Write any three differences between ionic and covalent compounds.
 - (b) What is hydrogen bonding ? Illustrate with an example.
- 2. (a) State Faraday's second law of electrolysis and give its mathematical expression.
 - (b) What is rust ? List the conditions of rusting. (3+3=6)
- 3. (a) What is the uniqueness of carbon atom ?
 - (b) What is condensation polymerization? Give one example. (3+3=6)
- 4. (a) Write the constituents of the following gaseous fuels.
 - (i) Blue gas (ii) Producer gas (iii) Gobar gas
 - (b) Write one effect each for the following air pollutants.

(i) CO (ii) NO₂ (iii) SO₂

(3+3=6)

(3+3=6)



5.

6.

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- (a) What is electroplating and any two purposes of electroplating ?
 (b) List any three merits of Bohr model of atom. (3+3=6)
 (a) Distinguish between orbit and orbital.
 (b) Write the principle and azimuthal quantum numbers of the following orbitals.

 (i) 5d
 (ii) 4s
 (iii) 4f
 (3+3=6)
- 7. (a) Write the monomers of the following polymers.

(i) Nylon6 (ii) Buna-S (iii) Bakelite

(b) Give a brief description about photochemical smog.

PART — C

(Maximum marks : 60)

(Answer one full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)

Unit — I

- III (a) State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. The uncertainty in the position and velocity of a particle are 0.1m and $5.27 \times 10^{-24} \text{ ms}^{-1}$ respectively. Calculate the mass of the particle. (h = $6.625 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kgm}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$)
 - (b) State octet rule. Show how octet rule is followed in the formation of oxygen and nitrogen molecules.
 - (c) Draw the shape of s, p_x , p_y and p_z orbitals.

Or

- IV (a) Write de Broglie relationship and explain the terms. Calculate the wavelength of a body of mass 10^{-7} kg moving with a velocity of 10 ms⁻¹. (h = 6.625 × 10^{-34} kgm² s⁻¹)
 - (b) State Pauli's exclusion principle. The ground state electronic configuration listed here are incorrect. Explain what mistakes have been made in each and write the correct electronic configuration.
 - (i) A1 1s², 2s², 2p⁴, 3s², 3p³
 - (ii) $B 1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^5$
 - (iii) $F 1s^2$, $2s^2$, $2p^6$
 - (c) What is a dative bond ? Give two examples.

- V (a) Write down the cell reaction, cell notation and compute e.m.f. : A strip of Ni dipped in Ni²⁺ ions solution and a strip of Ag dipped in a solution of Ag⁺ ions are combined to form a cell. Given $E^0Ni^{2+}/Ni = -0.24V$, $E^0Ag^+/Ag = 0.799V$.
 - (b) What is electrochemical series ? Give any three applications of electrochemical series.
 - (c) Explain the chemistry behind rusting of iron.

Marks

(3+3=6)

6

5

4

6

5

4

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4

Marks

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- VI (a) Certain galvanic cells are designed to convert chemical energy directly to electrical energy :
 - (i) Name the above type of galvanic cells and one example for it
 - (ii) Represent the reaction taking place at the electrodes and net cell reaction of the above cell
 - (iii) Mention any two applications of the above cell.
 - (b) What is anodising and mention any two purposes of it ?
 - (c) List any four methods to control corrosion.

UNIT --- III

VII (a) Distinguish between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics. Give two examples for each.

- (b) What are refractories ? How is it classified ? Give one example for each.
- (c) Write two tests to distinguish between saturated and unsaturated organic compounds.

OR

- VIII (a) Distinguish between homopolymers and copolymers with two examples for each.
 - (b) What is vulcanization? List any three properties of vulcanized rubber.
 - (c) What is an optical fibre ? Give three uses of it.

UNIT - IV

LX	(a)	Explain cracking with an example. Mention any two advantages of catalytic cracking over thermal cracking.	(
	(b)	What is acid rain and give any three consequences of it ?	:
	(c)	What are the basic aims of green chemistry ?	4
		Or	
Х	(a)	Define calorific value of a fuel. List any four qualities of a good fuel.	. (
	(b)	Compare solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.	4
	(c)	What are pollutants ? How are they classified ? Give two examples.	4





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